

The Book of Amos

Part 1-The Best of Times, the Worst of Times

Intro

Things Going Well

- Stability
- Economic _____ (trade)
- Political power & expansion

Things Going Badly

- Economic _____ -more debt
- Legal system controlled by _____
- Morality _____
- Religion _____

Amos-a _____ from Judah, brings a message from God to Israel.

Amos 1 & 2

Surrounding Nations

1-v.3 – Aram/Damascus
destruction in conquest

2-v.6 – Gaza/Philistia
slave trade of captives

3-v.9 – Tyre
slave trade of _____

4-v.11 – Edom
Aggressive w/former allies

5-v.13 – Ammon
killing of the _____

6-2:1 – Moab
desecration of _____

7-2:4 – Judah
now close to home, not good
“pesha” breaking relationship with _____

Israel

1-v.6 – exploit _____

“righteous” – ones who could pay _____

“needy” – ones too poor to _____.

2-v.7 – Deny _____ (Exodus 23:6)

3-v.7 – _____ sin.

Makes God’s name _____ (profane)

4-v.8 – Further exploiting _____

Exodus 22:26-27

Deuteronomy 24:1-13, 17

(and spreading the cloaks out during ‘worship’)

5-v.8 – Drinking festivals w/ _____ wine
(and idols too)

6-v.12 – Get Nazarites to break their vow

7-v.12 – Command prophets not to prophesy

v. 9-11 God’s _____ rejected

v. 13-16 Defeat is coming

God’s Heart

God loves mankind, in _____

We are commanded to _____

from _____ to _____

All charges relate to how nations treated _____

All made in _____.

As God’s people, we have a covenantal obligation

The Law

James 3:9 – made in God’s image

Mark 12:31 – no greater commandment

John 13:34; 15:12, 17 love one another

Romans 13:9-10 Love neighbor

love does _____ to a neighbor

1 John 2:9-11 love brother

1 John 4:19-21 love God means _____

Do we understand God’s “_____”?

Do we understand His command for us to _____,
to care for, _____, protect,
the poor, the defenseless, the helpless?

All Life

the _____

the _____

the _____

the _____